



FORM X-17A-5

SION

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PART III

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINN	ING01/01/05	AND ENDING	12/31/05	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A	REGISTRANT IDENTIF	ICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Spe	ncer Edwards, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	F BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O.	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.	
6041 South Syracuse W	ay, Suite 305			
	(No. and Street)			
Greenwood Village	CO		80111	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Gordon Dihle	OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS RE	(303) 740-8448	
			(Area Code - Telephone Number	
В.	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	TICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT.	ANT whose opinion is contained	in this Report*		
	Spicer Jeffries LLP	•		
	(Name - if individual, state last	, first, middle name)		
5251 S Quebec St, Suite 200	Greenwood Village	CO	80111	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	/ (Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:			PROCESSED	
🛛 Certified Public Accoun	tant	1	0.44.50 / 50 0000	
☐ Public Accountant		`	MAR 1 5 2006	
Accountant not resident	in United States or any of its pos	sessions.	THOMSON	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY		

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

l, Gordon Dihle		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the according Spencer Edwards, Inc.		nt and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of	December 31 , 2009	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partr	ner, proprietor, principal of	icer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a custor	ner, except as follows:	
. 1		Good whe
•		Chief Financial Officer
		Title
Notary Public	- My Commiss	10- Expires 10/12-12006
This report ** contains (check all	applicable boxes):	•
★(a) Facing Page.★(b) Statement of Financial Conference	dition	•
(c) Statement of Income (Loss)		
★ (d) Statement of Changes in Fig.	nancial Condition.	
(e) Statement of Changes in Statement of Changes in Li		
(g) Computation of Net Capital	(including reconciliation of)	X-17A-5 Part II filing with this Rule 17a-5(d) report, if applicable).
(h) Computation for Determina	tion of Reserve Requirements	s Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the	Possession or Control Require	rements Under Rule 15c3-3. The Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
Computation for Determina	ation of the Reserve Requirem	nents Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	he audited and unaudited Stat	ements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation. [★](l) An Oath or Affirmation.		
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supple	mental Report.	
☐(n) A report describing any ma X(o) Independent Auditors' Repo	terial inadequacies found to e	xist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit. ntrol.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors of Spencer Edwards, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Spencer Edwards, Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the related statements of operations, changes in shareholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Spencer Edwards, Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplemental schedule listed in the accompanying index is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required for a fair presentation of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Spices Jeffies LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado January 31, 2006

Legal & Accounting
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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION <u>DECEMBER 31, 2005</u>

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Due from clearing broker Securities owned, at market value Deposits with clearing brokers Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$145,463 Prepaid expenses Income tax receivable (Note 3)	\$	80,735 91,541 38,985 135,132 11,053 23,760 27,640
Other assets		2,054
Total assets	\$	410,900
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY		
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	63,392
Accrued commissions, salaries and payroll taxes		129,374
Securities sold, not yet purchased, at market value		6,350
Total liabilities		199,116
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 4 and 5)	•	
SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Note 2)		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; 100,000 shares authorized;		
10,000 shares issued and outstanding		100
Additional paid-in capital		266,927
Deficit		(55,243)
Total shareholder's equity		211,784
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	\$	410,900

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

REVENUES:		
Commissions	\$	2,271,033
Investment banking fees		448,392
Trading profit, net		126,535
Other income		35,254
Total revenues		2,881,214
EXPENSES:		
Commissions		1,984,671
Clearing, quotation and regulatory		521,025
Salaries and employee benefits		245,061
Occupancy and communications		110,063
General and administrative		116,120
Total expenses		2,976,940
NET INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES		(95,726)
INCOME TAX BENEFIT (Note 3)		27,640
NET LOSS	<u>\$</u>	(68,086)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

	Commo	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In		Retained	
	Shares	An	nount_		Capital		arnings Deficit)
BALANCES, December 31, 2004	10,000	\$	100	\$	226,927	\$	12,843
Contribution of capital	-		-		40,000		-
Net loss					-		(68,086)
BALANCE, December 31, 2005	10,000	<u>\$</u>	100	<u>\$</u>	266,927	<u>\$</u>	(55,243)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2005

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$	(68,086)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization		3,903
Decrease in receivable from clearing broker		93,072
Decrease in securities owned, at market value		96,161
Increase in deposit with clearing broker		(57,992)
Decrease in prepaid expenses		16,717
Increase in income tax receivable		(27,640)
Decrease in accrued commissions, salaries and payroll taxes		(20,388)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		14,815
Increase in securities sold, but not yet purchased	<u></u>	6,070
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		56,632
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of furniture and equipment		(996)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Payment of shareholder loan		(50,000)
Contribution of capital		40,000
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(10,000)
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		45,636
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, at beginning of year		35,099
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, at end of year	<u>\$</u>	80,735

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Business

Spencer Edwards, Inc. is a Colorado corporation and a wholly owned subsidiary of Primarc Holding Corp (Primarc). The Company is in business as a securities broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. The Company is engaged in the general retail securities business and deals primarily in equity securities (in which it may act as a market maker) which it buys and sells on behalf of its customers on a fully disclosed basis earning commissions, and also for its own account in its proprietary trading activities. It is also engaged in the investment banking business in which it may engage in underwriting and other corporate financing activities earning commissions and fees.

Clearing Agreements

The Company, under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), is exempt from the reserve and possession or control requirements of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not carry or clear customer accounts. Accordingly, all customer transactions are executed and cleared on behalf of the Company by its clearing brokers on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's agreement with its clearing brokers provide that as a clearing broker, that firm will make and keep such records of the transactions effected and cleared in the customer accounts as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Act). It also performs all services customarily incident thereto, including the preparation and distribution of customers' confirmations and statements and maintenance margin requirements under the Act and the rules of the Self Regulatory Organizations of which the Company is a member.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Securities Owned

The Company's investment in securities owned is stated at market value. The difference between the original investment cost and market value is recorded in income as unrealized gain or loss.

Long Lived Assets

The cost of long lived assets, generally furniture and equipment, are capitalized and charged to operations over their estimated useful lives. The Company provides for depreciation on these assets on the straight-line basis over the estimated lives of five to seven years. Substantial leasehold improvements are capitalized and amortized over the term of the related lease.

Securities Sold, Not Yet Purchased

Securities sold, but not yet purchased by the Company (substantially common stock) are recorded at market value and the related changes in market value are reflected in income as unrealized gain or loss.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

NOTE 1 - BUSINESS AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Revenue Recognition

The Company records proprietary transactions, commission revenue and related expenses on a settlement date basis. The effect of proprietary transactions, revenues less related expenses reflected on a trade date basis would not be materially different. In connection with the Company's investment banking activities, underwriting deposits and expense advances received by the Company, along with any related expenses, are deferred and recognized when its services are completed.

Investment Banking

Investment banking revenues include gains, losses, and fees, net of syndicate expenses, arising from securities offerings in which the Company acts as an underwriter or agent. Investment banking management fees are recorded on offering date, sales concessions and underwriting fees at the time the underwriting is completed and the income is reasonably determinable.

Income Taxes

The Company files a consolidated tax return with its parent. For financial statement purposes, the Company presents income tax information as if it filed a separate income tax return. The Company utilizes the asset and liability method of accounting for income taxes, as prescribed by Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply in the years in which these temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. Changes in tax rates are recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments, including cash, deposits with and due from clearing broker, receivables, other assets, accounts payable and accrued expenses are carried at amounts that approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of the instruments. Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are valued at market value using quoted market prices.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

NOTE 2 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. At December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$135,793 and \$100,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was 1.42 to 1. According to Rule 15c3-1, the Company's net capital ratio shall not exceed 15 to 1.

NOTE 3 - INCOME TAXES

The Company has an unused net operating loss carryforward for income tax purposes of approximately \$92,000 available to offset future taxable income that is limited due to various limitations imposed by the rules and regulations of the Internal Revenue Service. The net operating losses are limited each year to offset future taxable income, if any, due to the change of ownership in the Company's outstanding shares of common stock. This net operating loss carryforward may result in future income tax benefits of approximately \$13,800. In 2005, the Company generated a net loss which will be utilized to offset taxes previously paid and results in an income tax benefit of \$27,640. Other deferred income taxes reflect the net tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes. Due to the uncertainty of utilizing the deferred tax assets at December 31, 2005 a valuation allowance in the same amount has been provided.

Significant components of the Company's deferred tax liabilities and assets as of December 31, 2005 are as follows:

	2005		
Deferred tax liabilities	<u>\$</u>		
Deferred tax assets			
Net operating loss carryforward	13,800		
Timing differences on deductible expenses	11,000		
Valuation allowance for deferred tax assets	(24,800)		
	\$ -		

The valuation allowance decreased approximately \$700 for the year ending December 31, 2005.

NOTE 4 - COMMITMENTS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company leases its office space and facilities from its parent on a month-to-month basis. Total rental expense of \$98,436 was charged to operations during the year ended December 31, 2005.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(Continued)

NOTE 5 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In the normal course of business, the Company's client activities through its clearing broker involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various client securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk. In the event the client fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the client's obligations.

In the Company's trading activities, the Company has purchased securities for its own account and may incur losses if the market value of these securities declines subsequent to December 31, 2005. In addition, the Company has sold securities that it does not own and it will, therefore, be obligated to purchase such securities at a future date. The Company has recorded this obligation in the financial statements at the December 31, 2005 market value of the securities. The Company may incur a loss unlimited in amount if the market value of the securities increases subsequent to December 31, 2005.

In addition, the Company bears the risk of financial failure by its clearing broker. If the clearing broker should cease doing business, the Company's receivable from this clearing broker could be subject to forfeiture.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE 15c3-1 <u>DECEMBER 31, 2005</u>

CREDIT:		
Shareholder's equity	\$	211,784
DEBITS:		
Non-allowable assets:		
Income tax receivable		27,640
Prepaid expenses		23,760
Property and equipment, net		11,053
Due from clearing broker		4,733
Other assets		2,054
Other assets		2,034
Total debits		69,240
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		142,544
Haircuts on securities positions		6,751
NET CAPITAL		135,793
Minimum requirements of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of \$192,766, market maker requirement of \$71,000 or \$100,000		
whichever is greater		100,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	<u>\$</u>	35,793
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS:		
Accrued commissions, salaries and payroll taxes	\$	129,374
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		63,392
TOTAL AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$	192,766
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL		1.42 to 1

NOTE: There are no material differences between the above computation of net capital and the corresponding computation as submitted by the Company with the unaudited Form X-17A-5 Part II Filing, as of December 31, 2005.



SPICER JEFFRIES LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

The Board of Directors of Spencer Edwards, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary information of Spencer Edwards, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by Spencer Edwards, Inc. that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), (i) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3; and (ii) for safeguarding the occasional receipt of securities and cash until promptly transmitted to the Company's clearing brokers. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate. This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Spencer Edwards, Inc. to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005, to meet the SEC's objectives.

In addition, our review indicated that Spencer Edwards, Inc. was in compliance with the conditions of exemption from Rule 15c3-3 pursuant to paragraph k(2)(ii) as of December 31, 2005, and no facts came to our attention to indicate that such conditions had not been complied with during the year.

This report is intended solely for the use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and should not be used for any other purpose.

Spices Deffices LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado January 31, 2006